

WEB APPENDIX

A Dynamic Choice Map Approach to Modeling Attribute-Level Varied Behavior Among Stockkeeping Units

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Likelihood Function

The log likelihood function is as follows:

$$LL = \sum_{i=1}^I \ln \left(\frac{\sum_{s=1}^S \exp(\gamma_s)}{\sum_{s=1}^S \exp(\gamma_{s'})} \prod_{t=1}^{T_i} \prod_{j=1}^J (P_{ijt|s})^{d_{ijt}} \right), \quad (1)$$

where d_{ijt} is a choice indicator, and γ_s is the probability to belonging to segment s ($0 < \gamma_s < 1$ for $\forall s = 1, \dots, S$ and $\sum_s \gamma_s = 1$).

Issues in Identification

Internal market structure models that use choice data are “under-identified” - these models have more than one solution and parameters need to be constrained to obtain estimates. First, multidimensional latent class models with larger dimensions than the number of segments are not identified (DeSarbo, Manrai, and Manrai 1994; Wedel and DeSarbo 1996). Therefore, the number of latent segments needs to be greater than or equal to the number of dimensions. Second, these models suffer from translational, scale, rotational and reflection indeterminacy (e.g., Erdem 1996; Wedel and DeSarbo 1996). Consistent with prior literature (Andrews and Manrai 1999; Chintagunta 1994), the location for one of the attribute levels for each attribute is constrained at the origin to eliminate translational indeterminacy. The scale, rotation, and reflection indeterminacies come from the fact that the resulting solution can be unchanged via

affine transformations (Wedel and Kamakura 2000; Young 1987). This problem is solved by representing the preferences for the first F segments as the location of the K attribute levels in F -dimensional common space, and fixing the location of vectors of these segments at corresponding F dimensions. The remaining $(S - F)$ segment preferences are projected onto these segments' vectors using the attribute-level parameters of the first F segments.

As an example, for a 2 dimensional map model, the preferences for the first two segments form the location for the attribute levels in the 2 dimensional space, with the preference weights for the first two segments being $(1,0)$ and $(0,1)$ respectively. Preference for the third segment would be a linear combination of the preferences for the first two segments, with the weights represented by (w_1, w_2) that need to be estimated from the data. As the weights for the first two segments are constrained to be $(1,0)$ and $(0,1)$ respectively, scale, rotational, and reflection invariance are removed. The parameters of state dependence, κ_{sf} , are constrained in a similar fashion to remove scale, rotational, and reflection indeterminacy.

Fit Statistics and Estimates

Table A1 shows the fit statistics (LL, BIC, CAIC, and ICOMP) for differing numbers of dimensions and segments. All results point to a 2 dimension, 3 segment structure. Table A2 reports the coefficient estimates for each attribute level, variety seeking location, and marketing mix variable for each dimension.

Table A1

Fit Statistics

Number of Dimension	Number of Segment	LogL	P	BIC	CAIC	ICOMP
1	1	-4603	25	9393	9418	9207
1	2	-4571	32	9380	9412	9142
1	3	-4532	39	9356	9395	9124
1	4	-4527	46	9398	9444	9130
2	2	-4509	51	9399	9450	9018
2	3	-4353	64	9184	9248	8706
2	4	-4351	77	9278	9355	8714
3	3	-4349	77	9273	9350	8740
3	4	-4347	96	9411	9507	8744

Table A2

Results for 2-Dimension 3-Segment Model

Description	Attribute Levels	Dimension 1		Dimension 2	
		Coefficient	Std. Error	Coefficient	Std. Error
Brand	All Other Brands	0.292	0.123	-0.796	0.173
	Hidden Valley	0.285	0.122	0.813	0.138
	Kens	0.266	0.114	-1.007	0.208
	Kraft	-0.254	0.122	-0.934	0.190
	Wishbone	0.223	0.093	-1.003	0.205
Size	Large	-0.234	0.146	-0.679	0.293
	Medium	1.967	0.941	-5.099	1.419
	Small	0.545	0.397	-2.315	0.652
Flavors	All other flavor	0.272	0.087	1.312	0.931
	Caesar	0.249	0.092	0.996	0.941
	French/Catalina	-0.377	0.172	2.557	0.958
	Italian Oil/Vinegar	-0.325	0.143	2.693	0.950
	Ranch	-0.336	0.146	2.517	0.936
	Thousand Island	-0.117	0.163	2.992	1.089
Fat	Fat free	1.465	0.482	-0.896	0.591
	Full calorie	-0.265	0.144	4.305	1.119
	gram 2	1.800	0.598	-0.207	1.669
Weight*	brand weight	-0.413	0.459	-0.266	0.340
	size weight	-13.534	19.558	-6.429	9.454
	flavor weight	0.400	1.674	1.286	0.466
	fat weight	-1.137	0.639	0.426	0.164
Variety seeking Location	Brand	-11.657	10.464	-2.597	1.090
	Size	0.628	0.443	-0.084	0.020
	Flavors	-3.315	2.767	0.053	0.029
	Fat	0.576	0.224	0.118	0.030
Weight*	Variety seeking	-0.454	0.295	0.673	0.189
Marketing Mix	Price	-0.286	0.192	1.347	0.363
	PPI	-0.863	0.220	-1.474	0.429
	Feature	1.226	0.172	-0.235	0.392
	Display	0.687	0.229	0.327	0.557
Weight*	Marketing Mix	1.495	0.279	-0.657	0.333
Segment Weight	Segment 2	-0.970	0.221		
	Segment 3	-0.943	0.223		

* Weights for the first two segments for the attributes, marketing mix and variety seeking parameters are constrained to be equal to (1,0) for Segment 1 and (0,1) for Segment 2.

References

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